Lafayette, Louisiana

Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2010

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 3/2//

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	140.
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-2
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)	
Statement of Net Assets	5
Statement of Activities	6
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	8-9
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	
to the Statement of Net Assets	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Governmental Funds	11-12
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	13
Comparative Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Fund	14
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund	
Net Assets - Proprietary Fund	15
Comparitive Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	16
Notes to Financial Statements	17-24
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
General Fund	26
Major Special Revenue Funds	27
INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE AND OTHER GRANT INFORMATION	
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of	
Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government	
Auditing Standards	29-30
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each	
Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in	
Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	31-32
Schedule of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs	33
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	34-36
Management's Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Findings	37
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	38_30



Darnall, Sikes, Gardes Frederick.

(A Corporation of Cartifled Public Advocations)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors of Acadiana Regional Development District Lafayette, Louisiana E Larry Sikes, CPA/PFS, CVA, CFP. Danny P Frederick, CPA Clayton E Darnall, CPA, CVA Eugene H. Damall, III, CPA Stephanie M. Higginbotham, CPA John P. Armalo, CPA J Stephen Gardes, CPA, CVA Jennifer S. Ziegler, CPA/PFS, CFPa Chris A Miller, CPA, CVA Stephen R Dischler, MBA, CPA Steven G Moose, CPA M. Rebecca Gardes, CPA Pemela Mayeux Bonin, CPA, CVA Joan B. Moody, CPA Erich G Loewer, III, CPA, M.S. Tax Lauren V. Behert, CPA Barbara Ann Watts, CPA Cratg C. Babineaux, CPA/PFS, CFP-Jeremy C. Menox, CPA

Kathleen T. Darnall, CPA
Dustin B. Bandin, CPA, M.S. Tax
Kevin S. Young, CPA
Adam J. Curry, CPA
Chad M Bailey, CPA
Carol C Guillery, CPA
Christy S. Dew, CPA
Cecelia A Hoyl, CPA
Blaine M. Crochet, CPA, M.S.
Rachel W. Ashford, CPA
Veronica L. LeBleu, CPA
Jacob C Roberie, CPA
S. Luke Sonnier, CPA
Kyle P. Saltzman, CPA
Elise B Faucheaux, CPA

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Acadiana Regional Development District (a nonprofit corporation), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations." Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Acadiana Regional Development District as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

2000 Kaliste Saloom Rd Suite 300 Lafayette, LA 70508 Phone 337,232,3312 Fax. 337,237,3614

1231 E. Laurel Avenue Eunice, LA 70535 Phone: 337,457,4164 Fax. 337,457,5060 1201 Brashear Avenue Suite 301 Morgan City, LA 70380 Phone, 985,384,6264 Fax: 985,384,8140

203 S. Jefferson Street Abbeville, LA 70510 Phone: 337.893 5470 Fax 337.893,5470 Member of :
American Institute of
Certified Public Accountants

Society of Louisiana Certified Public Accountances www.dsfepas.com In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2010, on our consideration of Acadiana Regional Development District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The Acadiana Regional Development District has not presented management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of, the basic financial statements.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations," and the supplemental information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the Acadiana Regional Development District. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Darnall, Sikes, Gardes & Frederick

(A Corporation of Certified Public Accountants)

Lafayette, Louisiana December 27, 2010 **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010 With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2009

				2010				2009
	Go	vernmental	Bus	iness-Type				
/		Activities		Activities	_	Total		Total
ASSETS								
Current assets:								
Cash-unrestricted	\$	62,390	\$	-	\$	62,390	\$	144,895
Cash-restricted		-		1,360,623		1,360,623		1,151,034
Accounts receivable		230,934		-		230,934		391,762
Loans receivable		-		4,808,421		4,808,421		5,430,579
Interfund receivable		202,149		-		202,149		311,152
Foreclosed real estate				18,219		18,219		18,219
Utility deposits	•	29				29		15
Total current assets		495,502		6,187,263		6,682,765		7,447,656
Noncurrent assets:						,		
Capital assets, net	_	18,276		**	_	18,276		22,692
Total assets	\$_	513,778	\$	6,187,263	\$	6,701,041	\$	7,470,348
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Current portion of long-term debt	\$	84,009	\$	18,774	\$	102,783	\$	91,526
Accounts payable	•	156,411	•		•	156,411	•	206,467
Interfund payable		112,474		89,675		202,149		311,152
Total current liabilities		352,894	*******	108,449		461,343		609,145
		-	. <u> </u>					
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Long-term debt	_	500,000		214,391		714,391		734,612
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt		18,276				18,276		22,692
Restricted for relending activities		10,610		5,864,423		5,864,423		6,342,702
Unrestricted		(357,392)		~,♥VJ,♥ZJ		(357,392)		· ·
Total net assets	•		<u> </u>	5 964 400	-		•	(238,803)
i Otal liet assets	<u>\$</u>	(339,116)	D	5,864,423	<u> </u>	5,525,307	<u>\$</u>	6,126,591

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2010

	·			Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and					
Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	G	Operating Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		hanges in Net Asset Business-Type Activities		Total			
Governmental activities: Economic development	\$ 902,513	s -	S	270,532	s	(631,981)	\$	-	S	(631,981)			
Business-type activities: Relending programs	141,792	86,538		28,150		-	_	(27,104)	_	(27,104)			
Total	\$ 1,044,305	\$ 86,538	<u>s</u>	298,682		(631,981)		(27,104)	_	(659,085)			
	General revenue												
		iot restricted to sp	ecific p	rograms -									
	Local dues rev					42,484		•		42,484			
	Interest income	:				1,590		-		1,590			
	Miscellaneous Transfers					13,727		(461 186)		13,727			
	* * ****	<u>-</u>			_	451,175	_	(451,175)					
	Total general	revenues			-	508,976	_	(451,17 <u>5</u>)		57,801			
	Change in net assets					(123,005)		(478,279)		(601,284)			
	Net assets - June	30, 2009				(216,111)		6,342,702		6,126,591			
	Net assets - June	30, 2010			<u>s</u>	(339,116)	<u>s</u>	5,864,423	<u>\$</u>	5,525,307			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2010 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2009)

	General		Rece Grant	iness overy /Loan gram	Br En	Rural usiness terprise Grant	SBA PRIME Fund	
ASSETS	_		_	_				
Cash-unrestricted	\$	62,336	\$	-	\$	54	\$	-
Accounts receivable		29,941		78		5,176		-
Interfund receivable		115,817		-		-		-
Utility deposits	_	29						
Total assets	\$	208,123	<u>\$</u>	<u>78</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>5,230</u>	<u>\$</u>	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALA	ANC	ES						
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	19,751	\$		\$	-	S	-
Current portion of long-term debt		84,009		-	7	-	•	-
Interfund payable		-		<u>78</u>		5,230		_
Total liabilities		103,760		<u>78</u>		5,230		
Fund balances								
Unreserved, undesignated		104,363		_		-		_
Total fund equity		104,363						
Total liabilities and								
fund balances	\$	208,123	\$	<u>78</u>	\$	5,230	\$	

	EDA Fund		ll Firm Program	W	lecovery orkforce rogram	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	 To	tals	2009
\$	90,921	\$	38,245	\$	88,573 48,087	\$	16,245 - -	\$ 62,390 230,934 202,149 29	_	144,895 391,762 259,785 15
\$_	90,921	<u>\$</u>	38,245	<u>\$</u> _	136,660	\$	16,245	\$ 495,502	<u>\$</u>	<u>796,457</u>
\$	90,921 90,921	\$	- 	S	136,660	\$	16,245 16,245	\$ 156,411 84,009 112,474 352,894		206,467 72,938 <u>255,855</u> 535,260
			38,245 38,245	_			-	 142,608 142,608		261,197 261,197
\$	90,921	\$	<u>38,245</u>	<u>\$</u>	136,660	<u>\$</u>	16,245	\$ 495,502	<u>\$</u>	<u>796,457</u>

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet To the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

Total fund balances for governmental funds at June 30, 2010	\$ 142,608
Total net assets reported for governmental activities	
in the statement of net assets is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are	
not financial resources, therefore, are not	
reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:	
Equipment, net of \$46,475 accumulated depreciation	18,276
Long term debt amounts are not due and payable in the current	
period, and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	 (500,000)
Total net assets of governmental activities at June 30, 2010	\$ (339,116)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2010

(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2009)

Revenues: Federal grants \$10,247 \$ - \$20,746 \$17,010			General Fund	Business Recovery Grant/Loan Program	Rural Business Enterprise Grant		SBA PRIME Fund	
State grants					,			
Local funds	Federal grants	\$		\$ -	\$ 20,746	\$	17,010	
Other Total revenues 13.067 2.250 2.0746 17.010 Expenditures: 8.06.163 2.250 20.746 17.010 Expenditures: 8.06.163 2.250 20.746 17.010 Personnel 139.834 163.472 19.821 51,934 Grant/loan disbursements Advertising 3,992 1,989 46 67 Bad debts Board activities 853 . <				•	-		•	
Total revenues				-	-			
Expenditures: Personnel 139,834 163,472 19,821 51,934 Grant/loan disbursements		_			 =	,	=	
Personnel 139,834 163,472 19,821 51,934	Total revenues		66,163	2,250	 20,746		17,010	
Grant/loan disbursements	Expenditures:							
Advertising 3,992 1,989 46 67 Bad debts	Personnel		139,834	163,472	19,821		51,934	
Bad debts Board activities 853 - -			-	-	-		-	
Board activities			3,992	1,989	46		67	
Consulting			•	-	-		-	
Contractual services				•	-		-	
Dues and subscriptions 2,156 1,304 59 67				-	-		3,000	
Equipment costs 1,830 1,707 - 71 Insurance and bonding 5,179 5,488 -				-	-		-	
Insurance and bonding S,179 S,488				-	59		67	
Interest 30,390 - - - -					-		71	
Miscellaneous 22,151 6,646 294 1,016 Supplies 6,303 2,391 80 1,456 Professional fees 8,216 21,547 281 - Rent and utilities 9,861 27,765 317 - Technical assistance 293 2,020 9,562 Telephone 4,049 10,655 489 - Training 1,692 935 385 468 Travel 11,829 3,000 609 298 Capital outlay 3,675 - - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (260,777) (244,942) (3,655) (50,929) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds of long term debt issuance - - - - Operating transfers in 151,958 244,942 3,655 50,929 Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources (uses) 151,958 244,942 3,655 50,929 Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing uses (108,819) - - - - Fund bal	Insurance and bonding		•	5,488	-		-	
Supplies 6,303 2,391 80 1,456 Professional fees 8,216 21,547 281 - Rent and utilities 9,861 27,765 317 - Technical assistance - 293 2,020 9,562 Telephone 4,049 10,655 489 - Training 1,692 935 385 468 Travel 11,829 3,000 609 298 Capital outlay 3,675 - - - Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (260,777) (244,942) (3,655) (50,929) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds of long term debt issuance - - - - - Proceeds of long term debt issuance -			30,390	-	-		-	
Professional fees					294		1,016	
Rent and utilities 9,861 27,765 317 Technical assistance - 293 2,020 9,562 Telephone 4,049 10,655 489 - Training 1,692 935 385 468 Travel 11,829 3,000 609 298 Capital outlay 3,675 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (260,777) (244,942) (3,655) (50,929) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds of long term debt issuance Operating transfers in 151,958 244,942 3,655 50,929 Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources (uses) 151,958 244,942 3,655 50,929 Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses (108,819)	Supplies		6,303	2,391	- 80		1,456	
Technical assistance			8,216	21,547	281		-	
Telephone 4,049 10,655 489 - Training 1,692 935 385 468 Travel 11,829 3,000 609 298 Capital outlay 3,675			9,861	27,765	317		-	
Training 1,692 935 385 468 Travel 11,829 3,000 609 298 Capital outlay 3,675 — — Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (260,777) (244,942) (3,655) (50,929) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds of long term debt issuance — — — — Proceeds of long term debt issuance — — — — — Operating transfers in 151,958 244,942 3,655 50,929 Operating transfers out — — — — Total other financing sources (uses) 151,958 244,942 3,655 50,929 Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses (108,819) — — Fund balance, beginning 213,182 — — —			•	293	2,020		9,562	
Travel Capital outlay 3,675				10,655	489		-	
Capital outlay 3,675				935	385		468	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (260,777) (244,942) (3,655) (50,929) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds of long term debt issuance Operating transfers in 151,958 244,942 3,655 50,929 Operating transfers out				3,000	609		298	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (260,777) (244,942) (3,655) (50,929) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds of long term debt issuance Operating transfers in 151,958 244,942 3,655 50,929 Operating transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) 151,958 244,942 3,655 50,929 Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses (108,819) Fund balance, beginning 213,182 -	Capital outlay			<u> </u>	 			
over expenditures (260,777) (244,942) (3,655) (50,929) Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds of long term debt issuance Operating transfers in 151,958 244,942 3,655 50,929 Operating transfers out			326,940	247,192	 24,401		67,939	
Other financing sources (uses): Proceeds of long term debt issuance Operating transfers in 151,958 244,942 3,655 50,929 Operating transfers out								
Proceeds of long term debt issuance Operating transfers in 151,958 244,942 3,655 50,929 Operating transfers out	over expenditures		(260,777)	(244,942)	(3,655)		(50,929)	
Operating transfers in 151,958 244,942 3,655 50,929 Operating transfers out	Other financing sources (uses):							
Operating transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses (108,819) Fund balance, beginning 213,182	Proceeds of long term debt issuance		_	-	-			
Operating transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses (108,819) Fund balance, beginning 213,182	Operating transfers in		151,958	244,942	3.655		50,929	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses (108,819) Fund balance, beginning 213,182 -	Operating transfers out		· -	•	-		,	
other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses (108,819) Fund balance, beginning 213,182 -	Total other financing sources (uses)		151,958	244,942	3,655		50,929	
	other financing sources over		(108,819)					
	Fund balance, beginning		213,182					
	Fund balance, ending	\$		s	\$ 	\$		

				Re	сочегу	Other					
EC	PΑ	Sn	nall Firm	Wo	orkforce	Gov	emmental	 Tot	al		
Fu	nd	TA	Program	Pı	rogram _		Funds	2010		2009	
					_						
\$ 12	6,110	\$	14,430	\$	-	\$	68,243	\$ 256,786	\$	3,677,627	
	•		•		-		-	13,746		2,652	
1	3,381		-		-		-	42,484		81,780	
					<u></u>			 15,317	_	17,546	
13	9,491	,	14,430			_	68,243	 328,333	_	3,779,605	
10	0,225		6,686		-		22,174	504,146		581,938	
	•				-		-	-		3,130,240	
	96		223		-		172	6,585		14,336	
	-		-		58,300		-	58,300		-	
	-		•		-		-	853		931	
	-		270		-		-	7,487		51 ,490	
1	4,655		-		-		-	85,368		58,926	
	167		217		-		2	3,972		10,874	
	605		48		-		8	4,269		-	
	324		387		-		23	11,401		11,651	
	-		-		-		-	30,390		11,221	
	832		488		-	-	63	31,490		18,321	
	148		202		-		107	10,687		31,485	
	1,448		592		•		123	32,207		60,573	
	1,061		1,049		-		68	40,121		55,313	
			4,424		-		225	16,524		2,913	
	1,752		661		*		29	17,635		22,693	
	40		239		-		4,406	8,165		36,534	
	3,377		24		-		5,685	24,822 3,675		29,492	
12	4,730		15,510		58,300		33,085	 898,097	_	4,128,931	
12	4,730		17,310		79,300		33,063	 070,077		4,120,231	
Į.	4,761		(1,080)		(58,300)		35,158	(569,764)		(349,326)	
	•		-		-		-	_		500,000	
	•		-		49,610		-	501,094		180,995	
(1-	4,761)		-				(35,158)	(49,919)		(180,995)	
(1-	4,761)		-		49,610		(35,158)	 451,175		500,000	
	-		(1,080)		(8,690)		-	(118,589)		150,674	
	<u>=</u>		39,325		<u>8,690</u>			 261,197	_	110,523	
\$		\$	38,245	\$		\$		\$ 142,608	\$	261,197	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities June 30, 2010

Total net changes in fund balances at June 30, 2010 per Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	\$ (118,589)
The change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay expenditures	3,675
Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2010	(8,091)
Total changes in net assets at June 30, 2010 per Statement of Activities	\$ (123,005)

Comparative Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2010 and 2009

	EDA Relending	BRGLP Relending	To	otal
	Program	Program	2010	2009
ASSETS				
Cash-restricted	\$ 483,426	\$ 877,197	\$ 1,360,623	\$ 1,151,034
Loans receivable	450,954	4,357,467	4,808,421	5,430,579
Interfund receivable	-	-	•	51,367
Foreclosed real estate	18,219		18,219	18,219
Total assets	952,599	5,234,664	6,187,263	6,651,199
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				•
Current portion of long-term debt	18,774	-	18,774	18,588
Accounts payable	-	•	-	-
Interfund payable	72,573	<u>17,102</u>	89,6 75	55,297
Total current liabilities	91,347	17,102	108,449	73,885
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Long-term debt	214,391		214,391	234,612
NET ASSETS			·	
Restricted for relending activities	646,861	5,217,562	5,864,423	6,342,702
Total net assets	\$ 646,861	\$ 5,217,562	\$ 5,864,423	\$ 6,342,702

Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

	EDA Relending	BRGLP Relending	Tr	otal
v	Program	Program	2010	2009
O Maria managan	Tiogram	Tiogram	2010	2009
Operating revenues: Interest income	£ 40.477	e 27.061	\$ 86,538	\$ 36,894
interest income	\$ 49,477	\$ 37,061	<u>\$ 86,538</u>	\$ 36,894
Operating expenses				
Personnel	24,752	•	24,752	25,448
Advertising	1,150	185	1,335	-
Bad debt provision	93,672	-	93,672	107,700
Contractual services	553	-	553	•
Supplies	363	15	378	991
Insurance and bonding	. 116	-	116	-
Interest expense	2,203	-	2,203	4,069
Miscellaneous	15,347	1,551	16,898	12,693
Professional fees	869	· -	869	10,009
Rent and utilities	40	_	40	-
Technical assistance	-	135	135	-
Telephone	744	-	744	719
Training	-	-	-	46
Travel	23	74	97	681
Total operating expenses	139,832	1,960	141,792	162,356
, 5 ,				<u></u>
Income (loss) from operations	(90,355)	35,101	(55,254)	(125,462)
Non-operating revenues:				
Capital grants	28,150	-	28,150	2,040,280
Net income (loss) before transfers	(62,205)	35,101	(27,104)	1,914,818
Transfers out	_	(451,175)	(451,175)	_
			<u> </u>	
Change in net assets	(62,205)	(416,074)	(478,279)	1,914,818
Retained earnings - restricted, beginning	709,066	<u>5,633,636</u>	6,342,702	4,427,884
Retained earnings - restricted, ending	\$ 646,861	\$ 5,217,562	\$ 5,864,423	<u>\$ 6,342,702</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Comparative Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

	EDA BRGLP Relending Relending		То	tai
	Program	Program	2010	2009
Cash flows from operating activities:		•		
Receipts from customers	\$ 102,394	\$ 1,039,630	\$1,142,024	\$ 712,350
Receipts of capital grants	28,150	-	28,150	2,040,280
Loans to customers	(28,150)	(498,850)	(527,000)	(2,174,166)
Payments to employees	(24,752)	•	(24,752)	(25,448)
Payments to suppliers	(21,408)	(1,960)	(23,368)	(30,313)
Net cash provided by operating				
activities	<u>56,234</u>	<u>538,820</u>	<u>595.054</u>	522,703
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Net increase in interfund payables	17,276	68,469	85,745	86,774
Transfers to other funds	17,270	(451,175)	(451,175)	
Repayment of note payable	(20,035)	(431,173)	(20,035)	(17,890)
Net cash provided (used) in noncapital	(20,033)			
financing activities	(2,759)	(382,706)	(385,465)	68,884
timpicing activities	<u>(2,737)</u>	(382,700)	(204,005)	<u> </u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	53,475	156,114	209,589	591,587
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	429,951	721,083	1,151,034	559,447
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	<u>\$ 483,426</u>	<u>\$ 877,197</u>	<u>\$1,360,623</u>	<u>\$1,151,034</u>
Reconciliation of net income to net cash				
provided (used) by operating activities: Net income (loss) before transfers Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ (62,205)	\$ 35,101	\$ (27,104)	\$1,914,818
(Increase) decrease in loans receivable Increase in foreclosed real estate	118,439	503,719	622,158	(1,373,896) <u>(18,219)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 56,234	\$ 538,820	\$ 595,054	\$ 522,703

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Acadiana Regional Development District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide financial statements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions on or before November 30, 1989 have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounts of the District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The various funds of the District are classified into two categories: governmental and proprietary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined

The major funds of the District are described below:

Governmental Fund Types:

General Fund -

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Major Special Revenue Funds -

The Major Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Additionally, the District has chosen to report the activity of all special funds as Major Special Revenue Funds.

Proprietary Fund Type:

Proprietary funds are used to account for ongoing organizations and activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is based upon determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. The following are the District's proprietary fund types:

Enterprise Fund -

The Enterprise Fund is used for activities which are financed and operating in a manner similar to private business enterprise where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. This fund includes the Rural Business Enterprise Grant and the EDA Revolving Loan Program.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net assets and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b, below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net assets and statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues for cost-reimbursement type grants are recognized when the related expenditure is incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The proprietary fund utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Program Revenues

Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the District. As a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the District's general revenues.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses

The District reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Indirect expenses of other functions are not allocated to those functions, but are reported separately in the Statement of Activities. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets for the various programs are prepared according to source and object by the individual department heads and are submitted to the Executive Director for approval. After preliminary approval, all budgets are compiled and submitted to the Board of Directors for final approval. Once Board approval and adoption is complete, the budget is then entered into the financial statements and monthly comparisons are made. Six months into the year a budget revision is completed and the same procedures are followed as with the original budget. The budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Transfers and Interfund Loans

Advances between funds where repayment is not expected are accounted for as transfers. In those cases where repayment is expected, the advances are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables and payables.

Reservations of Fund Balances

The District "reserves" portions of its fund balance that are not available for expenditure because resources have already been expended (but not consumed), or a legal restriction has been placed on certain assets which make them only available to meet future obligations.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Allowance for Bad Debts

The District provides an allowance for loan losses equal to the estimated uncollectible amounts. The allowance is based on the District's review of the current status of loans receivable under the revolving loan programs. It is reasonably possible that the District's estimate of the allowance for loan losses will change. EDA Relending Program loans receivable are presented net of an allowance for loan losses of \$50,000 at June 30, 2010. BRGLP Relending Program loans receivable are presented net of an allowance for loan losses of \$531,000 at June 30, 2010.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide or fund financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The District maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 for capitalizing capital assets.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net assets. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The estimated useful lives of equipment are five to seven years.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Use of Estimates

The District's management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenditures. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 2 REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenues from intergovernmental grants received before related costs are incurred are deferred until such costs are expended. Revenues from intergovernmental grants on a cost reimbursement basis are recognized as related costs are obligated and resultant receivable accrued. For the year ended June 30, 2009 and subsequent periods, moneys for local dues are billed on a calendar year basis and revenue is recognized in the fiscal year received.

NOTE 3 CASH

Cash accounts at June 30, 2010 consist of the following:

Cash in bank, unrestricted	\$ 62,390
Cash in bank, restricted	<u>1,360,623</u>
	<u>\$ 1,423,013</u>

Restricted cash consists of amounts in the Proprietary Fund Type which is restricted by grant provisions for relending or repayment of note payable.

The District maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts at local financial institutions. The balances, at times, may exceed federally insured limits.

NOTE 4 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

Interfund receivables/payables at June 30, 2010 consist of the following:

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables	
General Fund	\$ 115,817	\$ -	
Special Revenue Funds -			
Rural Business Enterprise Grant	•	5,230	
Business Recovery Grant/Loan Program	_	78	
EDA	-	90,921	
Small Firm TA Program	38,245	´ -	
Recovery Workforce Program	48,087	-	
Other Funds	, ·	16,245	
Enterprise Fund			
BRGLP Relending Program	-	72,573	
EDA Relending Program		17,102	
	\$ 202,149	\$ 202,149	

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 5 LONG TERM AND SHORT TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The district's business-type fund has the following long term debt obligation:

Line-of-credit in the amount of \$800,000 from Farmers' Home Administration, bearing interest at 1% per annum, dated October 1, 1993, with annual principal and interest payments commencing June 11, 1996. Collateral consists of mortgages on real estate, equipment and inventory of the ultimate recipients in the loan program and security in the District's loan portfolio.

\$ 233,165

The annual requirements to amortize debt outstanding at June 30, 2010, including interest payments of \$15,268 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30.	Principal	Interest	Total	
2011	18,774	2,340	21,114	
2012	18,962	2,152	21,114	
2013	19,151	1,963	21,114	
2014	19,343	1,771	21,114	
2015	19,536	1,578	21,114	
2016 - 2020	100,651	4,919	105,570	
2021 - 2022	_ 3 <u>6,</u> 748	545	37,293	
	\$ 233,165	\$ 15,268	\$ 248,433	

The District's general fund has the following short term debt obligations:

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 the District established a \$100,000 line of credit at Capital One. The line of credit is currently bearing interest at an annual rate of 6.88%. This line of credit had a balance of \$84,009 at June 30, 2010.

During April of 2009 the District issued a Taxable Grant Anticipation Note, Series 2009 in the amount of \$500,000 for the purpose of covering cash flow needs for operational expenses, and for delays in receiving certain grant funds, and for repaying \$250,000 of the maturing Grant Anticipation Note issued during the prior year. The Note bears interest at a rate of 5.0% and by its terms requires semi-annual payments in May and November for interest only, and payment of \$500,000 principal at the maturity date of May 1, 2012. Payment of principal prior to the maturity date is allowed without penalty. The Note is secured by and payable from an irrevocable pledge and dedication of certain grant funds.

NOTE 6 BOARD OF DIRECTORS

All services provided by Board members of the District are on a voluntary basis and they receive no compensation for serving as a director or officer nor do they receive any per diem or travel allowances.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions, injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District has purchased commercial insurance to cover or reduce the risk of loss that might arise should one of these incidents occur. No settlements were made during the year that exceeded the District's insurance coverage.

NOTE 8 OPERATING LEASES

Acadiana Regional Development District entered into a month to month lease agreement for office space in Lafayette, Louisiana at a monthly cost of \$1,500. This lease agreement is expected to continue into the future under the same terms.

NOTE 9 BUSINESS RECOVERY LOAN RELENDING PROGRAM

Pursuant to the Business Recovery Grant and Loan Guidelines, Acadiana Regional Development District issued (66) Phase I loans totaling \$4,118,500 and (30) Phase II loans totaling \$2,040,280 funded by federal awards from the Department of Housing and Urban Development. Loan recipients were typically small and independent businesses in the most impacted areas of Louisiana, who were experiencing depressed revenues since Hurricanes Katrina and Rita. These loans are uncollateralized. Phase I loans are non-interest bearing and Phase II loans are non-interest bearing for two years and then bear interest at a rate of 4.0%. Loans are to be repaid over three to seven years, as determined appropriate by Acadiana Regional Development District. Loan repayments are restricted for the purpose of creating a revolving loan fund from which additional loans may be made. During the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2010 relending loans in the amount of \$133,886 and \$498,850, respectively, have been issued.

NOTE 10 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In May 2009, the FASB issued SFAS No. 165, Subsequent Events (ASC 855) which establishes general standards for accounting for and disclosures of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. This is effective for financial periods ending after June 1, 2009. We have evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet through December 27, 2010, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Budget			Variance - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			•	
Federal grants	\$ 2,805,657	\$ 54,997	\$ 10,247	\$ (44,750)
State grants	12,000	197,151	13,746	(183,405)
Local funds	32,000	37,000	29,103	(7,897)
Other	34,700	14,100	13,067	(1,033)
Total revenues	2,884,357	303,248	66,163	(237,085)
Expenditures:				
Personnel	224,137	157,174	139,834	17,340
Advertising	8,407	4,031	3,992	39
Board activities	1,000	800	853	(53)
Consulting and contractual	92,445	68,441	74,930	(6,489)
Dues and subscriptions	3,650	2,760	2,156	604
Equipment costs	7,249	1,516	1,830	(314)
Insurance and bonding	5,300	5,113	5,179	(66)
Interest	5,600	3,000	30,390	(27,390)
Miscellaneous	11,598	17,429	22,151	(4,722)
Supplies	13,154	6,294	6,303	(9)
Professional fees	18,175	7,727	8,216	(489)
Rent and utilities	23,950	10,329	9,861	468
Telephone	10,200	4,238	4,049	189
Training	2,150	1,640	1,692	(52)
Travel	17,310	12,756	11,829	927
Capital outlay	2,400,000	***	3,675	(3,675)
Total expenditures	<u>2,844,325</u>	<u>303,248</u>	326,940	(23,692)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	40,032	-	(260,777)	(260,777)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	-	-	151,958	151,958
Operating transfers out	-			-
			151,958	151,958
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other				
financing sources (uses)	40,032	•	(108,819)	(108,819)
Fund balance, beginning	213,182	213,182	213,182	
Fund balance, ending	\$ 253,214	\$ 213,182	\$ 104,363	\$ (108,819)

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Budget				Variance -		
		Original		Fi <u>nal</u>	 Actual		Positive legative)
Revenues:							
Federal grants	\$	9,432,371	\$	274,990	\$ 246,539	\$	(28,451)
State grants		_		_	-		-
Local funds		8,434		20,666	13,381		(7,285)
Other	********				2,250		2,250
Total revenues		9,440,805		<u> 295,656</u>	 262,170		(33,486)
Expenditures:			,				
Personnel		432,659		408,516	364,312		44,204
Grant/Ioan disbursements		8,556,814		-	-		-
Advertising		6,000		5,390	2,593		2,797
Bad debts		-		-	58,300		(58,300)
Board activities		50		50	-		50
Consulting and contractual		205,450		156,167	17,925		138,242
Dues and subscriptions		6,030		5,330	1,816		3,514
Equipment costs		7,094		3,803	2,439		1,364
Insurance and bonding		4,936		4,736	6,222		(1,486)
Miscellaneous		6,400		10,694	9,339		1,355
Supplies		8,687		8,484	4,384		4,100
Professional fees		19,120		15,820	23,991		(8,171)
Rent and utilities		17,615		15,415	30,260		(14,845)
Technical assistance		59,044		69,672	16,524		53,148
Telephone		8,340		7,830	13,586		(5,756)
Training		4,650		2,268	6,473		(4,205)
Travel		6,250		4,766	 12,993		(8,227)
Total expenditures		9,349,139		<u>718,941</u>	 <u>571,157</u>		147,784
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		91,666		(423,285)	(308,987)		114,298
Other financing sources (uses):							
Operating transfers in		•		423,285	349,136		(74,149)
Operating transfers out		_		-	(49,919)		(49,919)
Total other financing sources (uses)				423,285	 299,217		(124,068)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other							
financing sources (uses)		91,666		-	(9,770)		(9,770)
Fund balance, beginning		48,015		<u>48,015</u>	 48,015		
Fund balance, ending	<u>\$_</u>	139,681	\$	48,015	\$ 38,245	\$	(9,770)

INTERNAL CONTROL, COMPLIANCE AND OTHER GRANT INFORMATION



Darnall, Sikes, Gardes Frederick.

(A Corporation of CepiSed Public Associated)

Report on Internal Control Over Financial
Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of
Financial Statements Performed in
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Board of Directors of Acadiana Regional Development District Lafayette, Louisiana E. Larry Sikes, CPA/PFS, CVA, CFP+ Danny P. Frederick, CPA Clayton E. Damall, CPA, CVA Fugene H. Damalt, III, CPA Stephanic M. Higginbothsm, CPA John P. Armato, CPA J Stephon Gardes, CPA, CVA Jennifer S Ziegler, CPA/PFS, CFPa Chris A. Miller, CPA, CVA Stephen R. Dischler, MBA, CPA Steven G. Moosa, CPA M. Rebecca Gardes, CPA Pamela Mayeux Bonin, CPA, CVA Joan B. Moody, CPA Erich G, Loewer, Ill. CPA, M S. Tax Lauren V. Hebert, CPA Barbara Ann Watts, CPA Craig C Babineaux, CPA/PFS, CFPs Jeremy C. Meanx, CPA

Kathleen T. Darnall, CPA
Dustin B. Baudin, CPA, M S. Tax
Kevin S. Young, CPA
Adam J. Curry, CPA
Chad M. Bailey, CPA
Carol C. Guillory, CPA
Christy S. Dew, CPA
Cecelia A. Hoyt, CPA
Blaine M. Crochet, CPA, M.S.
Rachel W. Ashford, CPA
Veronica L. LeBleu, CPA
Jacob C. Roberie, CPA
S. Luke Sonnier, CPA
Kyle P. Saltyman CPA

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Acadiana Regional Development District (a nonprofit corporation) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations."

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Acadiana Regional Development District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Acadiana Regional Development District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Acadiana Regional Development District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 10-01 that we consider to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Acadiana Regional Development District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed certain instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 10-02 and 10-03.

The Acadiana Regional Development District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying management's corrective action plan. We did not audit the Acadiana Regional Development District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors, management, others within the organization, Louisiana Legislative Auditor, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this document is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Darnall, Sikes, Gardes & Frederick

(A Corporation of Certified Public Accountants)

Lafayette, Louisiana December 27, 2010



Darnall, Sikes, Gardes Frederick.

(A Corporation of Carafied Public Accountains)

Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

The Board of Directors of Acadiana Regional Development District Lafayette, Louisiana

Danny P. Frederick, CPA Clayton E Damail, CPA, CVA Eugene H. Darnall, III, CPA Stephanie M. Higginbotham, CPA John P. Armaio, CPA J Stephen Gardes, CPA, CVA Jennifer S Ziegler, CPA/PFS, CFPs Chris A. Miller, CPA, CVA Stephen R. Dischler, MBA, CPA Steven G. Moosa, CPA M. Rebecca Gardes, CPA Pamela Mayeux Bonm, CPA, CVA Joan B. Moody, CPA Ench G. Loewer, III, CPA, M.S. Tax Lauren V. Hebert, CPA Barbara Ann Watis, CPA Craig C Babineaux, CPA/PFS, CFP. Jeremy C. Meaux, CPA

Kmhleen T. Daruall, CPA
Dusin B. Baudin, CPA, M.S. Tax
Kevin S. Young, CPA
Adam J. Curry, CPA
Chad M. Bailey, CPA
Carol C Guillory, CPA
Christy S. Dew, CPA
Cecclia A. Hoyt, CPA
Blaine M. Crochet, CPA, M.S.
Rachel W. Ashford, CPA
Veronica L. LeBleu, CPA
Jacob C. Robene, CPA
S. Luke Sonnier, CPA
Kyle P. Saltzman, CPA
Elise B. Fouoheaux, CPA

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Acadiana Regional Development District (a nonprofit corporation) with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. The Acadiana Regional Development District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations." Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Acadiana Regional Development District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Acadiana Regional Development District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Acadiana Regional Development District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Acadiana Regional Development District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

The Acadiana Regional Development District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying management's corrective action plan. We did not audit the Acadiana Regional Development District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Darnall, Sikes, Gardes & Frederick

(A Corporation of Certified Public Accountants)

Lafayette, Louisiana December 27, 2010

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2010

09-01 Reconciliation of the General Ledger to the Subsidiary Ledger of Business Recovery Loans Receivable Balances

Finding: Management of Acadiana Regional Development District has stated that personnel within the organization were assigned the task of reconciling the transactions and loan balances from the accounting system to the transactions and loan balances from the independent computer software package utilized to administer the loan program. However, documentation or evidence of the implementation of this procedure was not maintained and made available to us when requested. Furthermore, procedures applied to test the fiscal year end balances from the two systems revealed certain discrepancies which required adjustment of loan balances on the accounting system. The need for such adjustment indicates that the recommendations from the prior year have not yet been fully and effectively implemented.

Recommendation: The balances from the general ledger and the subsidiary ledger should be reconciled on a monthly basis. The reconciliation should be reviewed and approved by a member of management on a monthly basis, and evidence of the reconciliation procedure should be maintained for an appropriate period of time.

Status: This finding has been resolved.

09-02 Matching of Revenues and Expenditures on Cost-Reimbursement Grants

Finding: The financial statements provided for audit indicated that Recovery Workforce Training Program Fund's operations resulted in a substantial deficiency of revenues over expenditures. This grant is designed to be a cost-reimbursement type program, therefore, the fund's operations should result in revenue amounts that match expenditure amounts. Acadiana Regional Development District has not implemented effective control procedures to reconcile revenues and expenditures of the Recovery Workforce Training Program and other cost-reimbursement grant programs in a manner that demonstrates compliance with the appropriate matching of costs incurred to grant requests for reimbursement.

<u>Recommendation</u>: A system of effective control procedures should be designed and implemented to assure that only allowable expenditures are charged to cost-reimbursement type programs, that the expenditure records serve as a basis for the preparation of requests for reimbursement, and that financial reporting demonstrates the appropriate matching of costs incurred to revenues recognized.

Status: This finding has been resolved.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2010

Part 1 Summary of Auditor's Results

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Auditor's Report

An unqualified opinion has been issued on the Acadiana Regional Development District's financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Internal Control Deficiencies - Financial Reporting

A significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting was noted during the audit of the financial statements and is reported as item 10-01 in Part 2.

Material Noncompliance - Financial Reporting

The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which are reported as items 10-02 and 10-03 in Part2.

FEDERAL AWARDS

Major Program - Identification

Acadiana Regional Development District, at June 30, 2010, had one major program: U.S. Department of Commerce - Economic Adjustment Assistance (CFDA #11.307)

Low-Risk Auditee

The Acadiana Regional Development District was not considered a low-risk auditee for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

Major Program Threshhold

The dollar threshold to distinguish Type A and Type B programs is \$300,000 for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Auditor's Report - Major Programs

An unqualified opinion has been issued on Acadiana Regional Development District's compliance for the major program as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2010

FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED)

Internal Control Deficiencies - Federal Programs

No material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance with major programs were disclosed during the audit of the major program.

Compliance Findings Related to Federal Programs

The audit did not disclose any material noncompliance or questioned costs relative to the major program.

Part 2 Findings Relating to an Audit in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

10-01 Review of Outstanding Accounts Receivable

<u>Finding</u>: Acadiana Regional Development District invoices various entities for local dues and other services and grants. A review of the accounts receivable subsidiary detail at June 30, 2010 revealed several invoices that were outstanding for over 90 days. Upon further analysis it was concluded that these invoices were uncollectible and required adjustments so as not to overstate revenues and accounts receivable balances.

<u>Recommendation</u>: When financial statements are prepared, management should review the accounts receivable subsidiary detail and make appropriate adjustments when circumstances indicate that collection of invoiced amounts will not occur.

10-02 Loans to Businesses in Ineligible Parishes

<u>Finding</u>: The Louisiana Revolving Capital Fund Agreement between Acadiana Regional Development District and Louisiana Economic Development (LED) specifies a 20 parish area for recipient eligibility. A performance monitoring review indicates that two loans were made to businesses in ineligible parishes. The loan amounts were \$71,850 and \$52,000.

<u>Recommendation</u>: Acadiana Regional Development District should comply with the provisions of the *Louisiana Revolving Capital Fund Agreement* and follow the corrective actions outlined by Louisiana Economic Development (LED).

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2010

Part 2 Findings Relating to an Audit in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

10-03 Costs Associated with Administration of Revolving Capital Fund

Finding: The First Amendment to Louisiana Revolving Capital Fund Agreement between Acadiana Regional Development District and Louisiana Economic Development (LED) states "up to 15% of amounts generated by repaid loans, including principal and interest, may be used by the Intermediary for reasonable costs associated with the administration of the Revolving Capital Fund (RCF). The Intermediary shall be responsible for maintaining appropriate documentation to prove that such costs are reasonable and specific to the administration of the RCF." A performance monitoring review indicates that costs were being allocated to RCF Administration at a rate which was not reasonable. Principal and interest received from inception of the program through June 30, 2010 totaled \$1,960,489. Assuming that Acadiana Regional Development District was able to justify direct expenses incurred in connection with managing the program, the maximum administrative fee to be earned would have totaled \$294,073. During the year ended June 30, 2010, a total of \$451,175 in transfers had been made to the operating account.

<u>Recommendation</u>: Acadiana Regional Development District should comply with the provisions of the *First Amendment to Louisiana Revolving Capital Fund Agreement* and follow the corrective actions outlined by Louisiana Economic Development (LED).

Part 3 Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to the Federal Programs

There are no findings and questioned costs related to federal programs.

Management's Corrective Action Plan for Current Year Findings Year Ended June 30, 2010

Response to Finding 10-01: Management has met with bookkeeping and financial personnel and has instituted additional policies relative to ARDD's invoices to entities for local dues and other services and grants. These policies require that when financial statements are prepared, management will review the account receivable subsidiary details and make appropriate adjustments when circumstances indicate that collection of invoiced amounts will not occur.

Response to Finding 10-02: Action has been taken to review all eligibility requirements of the Louisiana Revolving Capital Agreement and ARDD will follow the corrective action outlined by LED relative to eligible parishes for lending.

Response to Finding 10-03: ARDD is in the process of reviewing the First Amendment to the Louisiana Revolving Capital Fund Agreement between Acadiana Regional Development District and Louisiana Economic Development (LED) to clarify language in the agreement that may have led to misunderstanding in determining cost associated with administration of the Revolving Capital Fund (RCF). Additionally, corrective action has been taken to insure that only fifteen percent (15%) of amounts generated by repaid loans from the Phase I and Phase II of the Louisiana Business Recovery Grant and Loan Program (BRGL) are to be used by ARDD for the intended purpose of supporting small business and general economic development in Louisiana and in connection therewith will use such funds to operate the Revolving Capital Fund (RCF).

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2010

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE	Federal CFDA Number	Disbursements/ Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Direct Program: Economic Development - Technical Assistance Economic Adjustment Assistance Total U.S. Department of Commerce	11.303 11.307	126,110 <u>786,065</u> 912,175
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING & URBAN DEVELOPMENT Passed through Louisiana Department of Economic Development and Louisiana Office of Community Development Community Development Block Grants / State's Program Small Firm Technical Assistance Total U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION (SBA)	14,228	14,430 14,430
Direct Program: Office of Small Disadvantaged Business Certification and Eligibility	59.049	17,010
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Direct Program: Rural Business Enterprise Grant	N/A	20,746
DELTA REGIONAL AUTHORITY Direct Program:	N/A	28,000
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Direct Program: Brownfields Assessment and Cleanup Cooperative Agreements	66.818	10,247
Total federal assistance		\$ 1,002,608

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Continued Year Ended June 30, 2010

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The above schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Acadiana Regional Development District and is presented on the same basis of accounting as described in Note 1 to the financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations."

NOTE 2 LOAN VALUE

In accordance with EDA requirements, the value of loans outstanding at June 30, 2010 under the Economic Adjustment Program Revolving Loan Fund was \$394,566.